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TITUSVILLE

NOVELTY WORKS

GIBBS, RUSSELL & STERRETT,

Proprietors,

Titusville, Pa., and Nunda, N.Y.

MACHINISTS,

IRON FOUNDERS AND FORGERS,

BUILDERS OF

STILLS, Iron Tanks, Engines

and Boilers,

Dealers in

JULIUS JOSEPH NASO & COS. SILAM AND

CASTINGS, NORIS LASKER & COS.

TITUSVILLE DRILLING AND

TUBING.

Manufacturers of

DRILLING TOOLS & STEEL JARS

Repairing all kinds of iron, steel, tools &c

and putting them up ready for use.

Our extensive experience in Drilling enables us to furnish every kind of tubular iron

and steel, and other materials required for

our business.

Our offices are open daily from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M.

We also keep a full stock of all kinds of

drill cutters, &c.

D. T. KELLY, J. M. B. FARNHAM, J. T. KELLY

Titusville Morning Herald.

Tuesday, February 14, 1870.

Medical Men.

Senator Hessey, of the State Senate, has introduced the following bill which we hope will receive consideration for the sake of the people:

That from and after the passage of this act any and all persons desiring to practice medicine and surgery, or any branches of the same, in this Commonwealth, shall pass an examination by a Board of Examiners appointed therefore, and examination to be called the Illinois Board, and the certificate of this Board to all such as is issued may be recognized as authority to practice medicine, surgery, or any of the branches thereof, in any part of the State.

Provided, That no person can come before the Board of State Examiners for examination who cannot show diplomas from some medical school or college in good standing.

And provided further, That such shall have no right or interest in my way with those practicing medicine, surgery, or any branches of the same, until the time of, or before the passage of this act. If they are graduates of some medical school or practitioners of good repute and standing.

THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.
That the Board of Medical Examiners shall be appointed yearly by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania from among the medical practitioners of good standing and reputation throughout the State, and shall consist of the following members: An Examiner on Anatomy and Physiology, one on Chemistry, one on Pathology and Institutes, one on Mechanics, one on Botany and Materia Medica, one on Principles and Practice of Obstetrics, and one on Principles and Practice of Surgery, all of whom shall be graduates of the regular system of medicine (Allopathy), and one Examiner on Theory and Practice of Medicine from each of the different systems of medical practice represented by chartered medical schools or colleges within this Commonwealth. Provided, That none of the members of the Board shall be Professors in any of the medical schools or colleges in this State.

That all examinations shall be public and uniform in the questions asked, and shall consist of oral and written ones of the several branches taught in the medical schools.

That each applicant shall designate the system of theory and practice of medicine for which examination is desired, and this examination shall be conducted solely by the representatives of the system of practice so designated.

That in voting for a certificate, one shall be cast by this examiner on each of the above branches designated, and should a candidate receive less than five votes, he shall be deemed disqualified therefrom, and the certificate refused.

That the Board, however, shall not prevent said applicant from making any subsequent examination, by passing the regular for this purpose, nor shall it be the duty of the Board to organize by the election of a chairman or president, any secretary and treasurer; and to give notice of the time and place of meeting, and to keep a record of the examination of each applicant.

That the Board shall meet twice yearly (spring and autumn) in the city of Harrisburg for the examination of candidates. The necessary expenses, such as traveling and hotel, of the Board shall be paid by the secretary and treasurer out of the fund received from the candidates.

That each candidate, on making application for examination, shall give his name, age and medical school attended, showing at the same time his diploma for date of graduation and his residence, and must pay the sum of ten dollars to the secretary and treasurer to form a fund to defray the necessary expenses of the examination.

That each certificate shall be signed by all the members of the Board making the examination.

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That each certificate shall be signed by all the members of the Board making the examination.

MUNICH, Feb. 12.

The Council is considering the subject of the throne.

PARIS, Feb. 12.

There have been still further arrests by the police to-day of persons engaged in the recent plot against the life of the Emperor.

LONDON, Feb. 12.

The proofs which Paris officials pretend to have of a deep-laid plot against the Emperor's life, are totally discredited.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 12.

Dictat to-day with a speech. He rejected the spirit of opposition shown in the Upper Chamber, and promised an extraordinary session soon.

He made no reference to foreign affairs.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 12.

Servians and Montenegrins are intriguing, which causes considerable solicitude.

BOSTON, Feb. 12.

The Pall Mall Gazette this evening is severe upon the insincerity of Rev. Mr. Temple's disclaimer.

Agrarian outrages in Ireland continue.

Dispatches received to night state a landlord in Kerry county was fired at through a window while sitting in his parlor. The shot did not take effect. No arrests.

PARIS, Feb. 13.

M. Tournier, a friend of Victor Noir and witness of his death, has been discharged from custody. The other editor of La Marseillaise is still in prison. Rochefort is not permitted to see his fellow prisoners.

A proposition to impeach the Ministry was sent last week by Rochefort to a Deputy to be introduced in the Corps Legislatif, and the Chamber refused to hear it, and after the sitting the Deputy sent it to M. Schneider, President of the Corps.

The Tariff Question.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.

The Anti-Prohibition League had a fine meeting at Masonic Hall to-night, at which speeches were made by two prominent citizens. The protectionists hold forth to-morrow night. These meetings are creating a great deal of interest on the tariff question, and people of all classes attend them.

Fire.

Spring's hotel, store, and harness shop, at Goldsborough, burnt last night. Loss \$30,000.

Suit for Divorce.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.

The men who participated in the riot on the steamer Dubuque last evening, on the Mississippi River, between Rock Island and Clinton, by which five or six colored men were killed, are on trial at Rock Island.

French of Promise Case.

The French of promise case taken from the Superior Court of the Circuit Court of Lake Co., brought by the steamer Samantha Proctor, Mrs. Maria G. Jones against Ira V. Anna, one of the most wealthy and respected men of Chicago, which has been on trial for several days past at Waukegan, resulted to-day in a verdict in favor of Mann, the defendant.

The nature of Ira's suit, Stiles & Co., importers of wool goods is announced. Liability reported \$300,000; assets probably \$200,000. It is said the members of the firm own sufficient real estate to make an amicable settlement.

PETROV & CO., importers of dry goods are also reported satisfied payment.

Harran's letters of the 7th inst. Gen. Garrison met with no success in his operations against the insurgents between Puerto Principe and Nogas.

Reports say \$25,000, sent from Havana to Nogas to pay off troops, was never received, and the authorities fear it is embayed by the communists.

Small pox is reported among children at the Roman Catholic Protectory for boys in Westchester. Thirty cases are reported, but one only has yet proved fatal.

Smallpox closed the session of the Prussian Diet to-day with a speech. He rejected the spirit of opposition shown in the Upper Chamber, and promised an extraordinary session soon.

He made no reference to foreign affairs.

CONSTITUTION, Feb. 12.

That any person or persons practicing medicine and all branches thereof, within the Commonwealth after the passage of this act, without the above named certificate of State examination, shall be liable to punishment in the sum of \$500 or more than \$500 and costs, or imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or both fine and imprisonment.

That one half of the fine collected shall go to the informer, and one half to a fund for the benefit of the hospital in the State.

That each half of the fine collected shall be signed by all the members of the Board making the examination.

Meeting of the Petroleum Board of Trade of New York City—The Iron-Clad Contract.

From the N. Y. Herald.

A special meeting of the Petroleum Board of Trade was convened Thursday afternoon at No. 633 Broadway, when Mr. Burleigh, of Burleigh & Co., was chosen President, and Mr. Livingston Roe, of Taffee & Co., Secretary.

There was a very large attendance, and considerable discussion preceded the transaction of the business, for which the meeting had been called, namely, to vote on a uniform contract and regulations to govern the sale of petroleum.

At last the document was brought forth, and for two hours each section of it was fought over determinedly, when a vote was taken on it, in its entirety, and the following was unanimously chosen:

"NEW YORK, Feb. 12, 1870.

Sold for petroleum oil. To — lbs. refined petroleum made from petroleum of the production of the United States, the gross average weight of packages to be less than 320 lbs. nor more than 370 lbs. and to package of more than 300 lbs. Color to be standard white or better. Burning test, 110 deg. Fahrenheit or upwards. At 10 cents per lb. oil not cash on delivery, no charge for packages, fare to be asted.

To be delivered in prime shipping order in yard where packages can load, or to vessels, seller paying carriage, subject to the provisions printed on the back of this contract, at —option (as to time), from the date of —, 1870, inclusive of both dates and —days' notice to —, of which must be within the said dates. Should no notice be given, delivery shall be made on the —.

Shipments to be tendered in fulfillment of the contract after five p. m. either party shall have the option of demanding that delivery shall be made and accepted on the next business day following, between the hours of 10 a. m. and noon, giving 10/20 d. per cent. by seller.

Buyers shall have the right of inspection, their inspector, a member of the Petroleum Exchange, and his certificate that the oil is in conformity with the contract shall be accepted as valid, and the stipulation requiring a certificate of inspection in making the delivery. On a certificate of prompt delivery, or where no notice is required, buyers shall name their inspector who then the contract is executed, otherwise the seller may appoint the inspector as above provided. If buyer fail to name his inspector in time the insurer employed according to foregoing conditions shall make such selections.

4. No weight's return shall be valid if dated before the regular day previous to the time of delivery.

5. No inspector's certificates shall be valid beyond five days from date.

6. Weights to be appointed by the sellers.

7. Barrels and oil to be weighed by the half pounds.

8. Buyers may examine and test at their own expense the weight of the whole or part of the lot delivered.

9. Taxes shall be actual and marked indelibly on the barrels; buyers may test up to five per cent of the same and the result shall determine the average difference on the lot. If recovered.

the actual taxes prove to be in excess of the marked tax sellers shall have the benefit of one pound per barrel for storage.

10. Shipping order.—Barrels painted blue, with white heads, well couped, and filled to one, and one-half gallons out.

An editorial of the Chicago Tribune, Dec. 27, makes the Chicago, Danville, and Vincennes Railroad less important to Chicago than the Illinois Central.

For this time next year—perhaps before next harvest—a new railroad will be in operation from Chicago to Danville, which will give this city a continuous air-line road to Evansville on the Ohio River, which is eighty-five miles to the west of Chicago than Cairo is by the Illinois Central.

Starting at Chicago this new road runs in a southerly direction near the Indiana line through an old and well-traveled portion of the State. Much of its course the "Old Hubbard Trail," which was long since skirted by a line of thriving town and villages. More than one-third of its route is directly over the vine fields of the best coal in Illinois, it crosses into Indiana as it passes through extensive deposits of iron ore. It also brings within a few miles of Chicago the celebrated Coal-field of Indiana, which furnishes the best coal for the manufacturing of iron yet discovered in the west.

We can see no reason for supposing otherwise than this road, when completed to Danville, and connected with the Terre Haute & Evansville Road, making, in fact, one continuous line from Chicago to Evansville of 280 miles in length, will be more direct than the Illinois Central.

It passes through country of the most productive soil in the State, and the soil is well suited to the growth of cotton, tobacco, corn, and other crops.

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We can see

Titusville Morning Herald.

ST. FRANCIS MARTIN
The most popular Martin.
She is my dear wife, a singing one!
She is a William and Angelina,
Sweet gravity, and taste too,
She loves me, and I love her, of course,
Heaven blesses into smiling flowers.

One of the prettiest that walk in white,
Her person is just like a picture,
Her voice is like a lark, and her words
Are like diamonds, she doth more,
With instance of visible Lov-

er, than all the world can tell.
She is a true angel, and her smile
Is like the light of the sun,
And in her face the light is mild
As though the heat within her melted
And in her bosom sat the sun.

She is the Lady Maria,
She is the Queen of the world,
She is the Queen of the poor!
Her knight open heart and door
The heart a holy well of life,
Brimming full of health,

She is the Queen of the world,
To find God in heaven a blue
This is the Lady Maria!

Miscellaneous.

Last week a letter arrived at the Senate postoffice, Albany, postmarked New York city, addressed to "The Senators, Albany, N.Y." It was not addressed to any particular Senator, doubtless were entertained as to who should open the epistle. It was finally concluded that it might refer to some matters pertaining to confirmations, and was therefore opened in executive session and duly read. The following is a copy:

NEW YORK, Feb 11th 1870

"Will you please tell me now how it is with the License Law for me to open a Lager Beer Saloon No. 127, Chamber street. The Captain of the 11th Ward said he would have a license and please let me know how it is."

The visit of Prince Arthur to New York has introduced the English style of men's dress for gentlemen. The latest white or black vest, without collar. The small fire gilt but turned the vest to match those upon the blue dress-suits. The stand up linen collar the narrow necktie. The light green colored trousers, in which, however, Prince Arthur does not indulge. The "button hole" bouquet, in which he does, but which Dickens was first to inaugurate. The broad, full fronted shirt, showing only a line of fine embroidery upon other side of the wide fold which displays the rich diamond studs, mounted upon spiral springs, and dimly inserted in the smallest of crevices.

The two dealers along the Hudson river recently attempted to obtain an injunction for bidding the water Connecticut river, between New York and Troy, on the ground that their movements tended to prevent the water from freezing solid. The judge rejected them to a "higher power".

It is asserted that the Fenians would have assassinated Prince Arthur this time but for the fact that he wears crimson shirt studs and one of his names is Patrick, but we don't believe it.

A clergyman who moved from Springfield to Philadelphia, on account of his superior moral tone, had his overcoat stolen while he was preaching there!

A Texas woman so aggravated her husband that she left him for the following letter: "My Lovin' Wif, I am comin' in a week and havn't forgivin' you for jokin' me. Ple come on the 7 o'clock train in still stay home hereafter and try to be a loner in. I want peace and so do you, why shoudnt we live each other, as we used, fer wh'n we were laid togidder in the wallyy boulds of maddock. I've joined a temperance society, and if you ever like me again for cunnin' one, I'll wallop ye into City, for we must have peace, as grant us."

The battle is not alway to the strong. A young Vermont lady recently killed a skunk with a butcher knife.

A patient has recently been granted a method of refreshing horses while in harness, which consists in making the bit hollow, and having a leather bag tied to the bit, which tends to one side of the bit to the tongue, and by pressing a leather bag which contains water, the driver is enabled to refresh his horse whenever he chooses, without stopping. The saddle horse the water bag is suspended from the horse's neck, or upon the poniot of the saddle.

A citizen of Montgomery, Ala., was awakened one the other night by an alarm of burglar, got out his gun, fired from the window, and ruined a pair of best brass trunks that were hanging on a clothes line. Sure he was missing.

The Pennsylvania legislature goes into the franking business on a small scale by voting which member \$100 worth of stamps.

The doctors in Ulster county unanimously refuse to make examinations of dead bodies unless they are paid full fee for the doctor fees for each case. The coroners, backed by the board of supervisors, will pay half the fees and there is no way of obtaining medical and surgical evidence in cases of my sermons or vice death.

The Albany Express hopes that a successful effort will be made to secure the holding of the State fair in or near that city this year. Unhappy, deluded Express.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REFINERS' ASSOCIATION

Meets every Tuesday evening in Mayor Hinck's office. G. S. STEWART, President. J. D. ARCHIBOLD, Secretary.

A. TALAMO, DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, COLORS, SASH,

WALL PAPER,

Doors and Window Glass,

SIGN AND HOUSE PAINTING GRANITING AND

FRESCOING,

Opposite Second National Bank, Titusville, Penna.

PAINT SHOP,

Established at the old stand,

BASMENT OF RALPH'S BUILDING,

South Franklin Street, Titusville,

HOUSE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL PAINTING AND

GRANITING R. RALPH

Old Wells, Old Wells, Interests

in Old Wells and Adams;

Houses and lots in the city of

Titusville for sale. All the

latest Majis of the Oil Region

kept in the office of George

J. Sherman, No. 3

Gretchen Block, for the benefit

of parties desiring information.

THE PERKINS & HOUSE'S

NON EXPLOSIVE Kerosene Lamp.

MR. A. M. KETCHUM

For advertising the city of Titusville or for lamps for the exhibited at the Fair, New York, Non Explosive Kerosene Lamp, which is absolutely safe both from

BREAKING AND EXPLOSION,

Gives 15 per cent.

LESS OIL,

and uses 15 per cent.

Lifes in Life Time!

Mr. Ketchum will call at the houses of the

city of Titusville and show them the lamp.

John C. CHITTENDEN

DISTRIBUTOR.

These lamps and fixtures existing between the subscribers are to be found in all styles of Cottenden & Williams, and are highly recommended for their quality and value. They will be sold for a long time and will supply all debts due by an first class firm.

R. E. GREEN, Mill & Farm, or to

W. H. VAN SYCKEL, Farmer,

John C. CHITTENDEN

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